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Auditors, Accountants & Consultants









The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) SAIF Zone

Post Box 9158 Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Financial statements & Auditor's report: 2016-17





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

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The Supreme Industries Overseas FZE

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Manager's report

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The manager of the company has pleasure in submitting this report along with the financial statements of The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) for the year ended 31st March 2017.

Legal status and shareholder:

The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) is registered as a free zone establishment with limited liability with Sharjah Airport International Free Zone (SAIF Zone) Authority in the emirate of Sharjah (U.A.E.) under commercial license no. 03490.

M/s. The Supreme Industries Limited, a limited company registered under Certificate of Incorporation no. 3554 under the Indian Companies Act of 1956 & its amendments thereafter, is the sole shareholder of the company holding 1 share of AED 150,000/-. The registered address of M/s. The Supreme Industries Limited is 612, Raheja Chambers, Nariman Point, Mumbai, India.

Operations of the company:

The company is licensed to carry on the activity of trading in plastics & pipe fittings. During the year under review, it was engaged principally in trading activity and also acted as an agent for supply of pipes & pipe fittings.

The financial highlights of the company are as below:

	Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED)
	<u>2016-17</u> <u>2015-16</u>
Revenue	1,922,766/- 1,109,156/-
Gross profit	1,107,737/- 618,055/-
Net profit	148,308/- 51,263/-
Total liabilities	496,721/- 265,952/-
Equity & shareholder's funds	719,668/- 571,360/-

Results & dividend:

Net profit for the year amounted to AED 148,308/- (previous period earned net profit of AED 51,263/-).

Current year net profit including opening balance of retained earnings is proposed to be carried forward.

Management's responsibilities & acknowledgements:

We confirm that management of the company is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Mediumsized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 and provisions of the memorandum & articles of association of the company.

This responsibility includes: designing, implementing and maintaining internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; selecting and applying appropriate accounting policies and making accounting estimates that are reasonable in the circumstances.

The company's management further states that there are no material uncertainties which would make the going concern assumption inappropriate.

Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no important events occurring after the reporting date that would materially affect the working or the financial statements of the company.

wos of The Supreme Industries Limited

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Auditors:

The company's auditors, M/s. Kothari Auditors & Accountants, Sharjah (U.A.E.) are retiring at the end of the annual general meeting of the shareholder and being eligible have expressed their willingness to be reappointed. A resolution to re-appoint them for the year 2017-18 and to fix their remuneration would be put up before the shareholder at the annual general meeting.

For The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

Narendra Krishnarao Bhagdikar

Manager

April 17, 2017

Sharjah, United Arab Emirates



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Independent auditor's report

To the shareholder of

The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Opinion:

We have audited the financial statements of The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) ('the company'), which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31st March 2017, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity & shareholder's funds and statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the company as at 31st March 2017, of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) applied on a consistent basis.

Basis for Opinion:

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Sharjah (U.A.E.), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other matters:

Current year figures are for a period of 365 days (01.04.2016 to 31.03.2017) as compared to previous period figures which are for a period of 275 days (01.07.2015 to 31.03.2016) and hence not comparable to that

Responsibilities of management and those charged with governance for the financial statements:

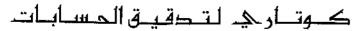
Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs), implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 and provisions of the memorandum & articles of association of the company and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements:

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



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Independent auditor's report (continued)

To the shareholder of

The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements can be found at Kothari Auditors & Accountants website page link at http://www.kothariauditors.com/standards-commercial-company-laws-dubai.html. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements:

Further, we report that:

(i) we have obtained all the information we considered necessary for the purpose of our audit;

(ii) the financial statements have been prepared and comply, in all material respects, with the implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 and the provisions of the memorandum & articles of association of the company;

(iii) the company has maintained proper books of accounts and the financial statements are in agreement therewith:

(iv) the financial information included in the Manager's report is consistent with the books of accounts of the company:

(v) the company has not purchased or invested in any shares during the financial year ended 31st March 2017;

(vi) note 4.1 to the financial statements discloses material related party transactions, and the terms under which they were conducted:

(vii) based on the information that has been made available to us, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the company has contravened, during the financial year ended 31st March 2017, any of the implementing regulations of Sharjah Airport International Free Zone Authority issued pursuant to Emiri decree no. 2 of 1995 and the provisions of its memorandum & articles of association which would materially affect its activities or its financial position as at 31st March 2017.

VECTORISM

Kothari Vipul R.

Ministry of Economy Registration No. 159 Kothari Auditors & Accountants

17th April 2017 Sharjah, United Arab Emirates







The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SATF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Statement of financial position as at 31st March 2017

		Amount in U.A.E.	Dirhams (AED)
Particulars	Note no.	31.03.2017	31.03.2016
Assets:			
Current assets			
Cash & bank balances	5	630,697	288,734
Deposits & prepayments	6	14,759	14,695
Loans & advances to others	7	0	55,640
Amount due from related party	8	5,750	5,750
Accounts receivables	9	532,897	471,483
Inventories	10	32,286	0
	•	1,216,389	836,302
Non-current assets	·		,
Property, plant & equipment	Sch-1	0	1,010
		0	1,010
Total assets employed	•	1,216,389	837,312
Liabilities, equity & shareholder's funds:			
Current liabilities			
Accounts payable	11	240,548	53,126
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	12	80,499	£ 61,063
	-	321,047	114,189
on-current Habilities			,
Employee end of service benefits	13	175,674	151,763
	-	175,674	151,763
Total liabilities		496,721	265,952
Equity & shareholder's funds		•	,
Share capital	14	150,000	150,000
Reserves & surplus	15	569,668	421,360
Equity & shareholder's funds		719,668	571,360
otal liabilities, equity & shareholder's'funds		1,216,389	837,312

The attached note nos. 1 to 24 & schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 & 4. The shareholder has approved and authorised the manager for the issuance of these financial statements on April 17, 2017.

For The Supreme Industries Overs

Narendra Krishnarao Bhagdira

Manager





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Statement of comprehensive income for the year ended 31st March 2017

	Amount in U.A.E.	Dirhams (AED)	
		01.04.2016 to	01.07.2015 to
Particulars	Note no.	31.03.2017	31.03.2016
Revenue	16	1,922,766	1,109,156
Direct costs	17	(815,029)	(491,101)
Gross profit		1,107,737	618,055
Other income	18	3,020	0
Selling & distribution costs	19	(371,329)	(120,095)
Administrative costs	20	(579,711)	(442,568)
Finance costs	21	(10,588)	(3,752)
Other expenses	22	(821)	(377)
Net profit	•	148,308	51,263

The attached note nos. 1 to 24 & schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 & 4. The shareholder has approved and authorised the manager for the issuance of these financial statements on April 17, 2017.

For The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

Narendra Krishnarao Bhagdikar

Manager







The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAJF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Statement of changes in equity & shareholder's funds for the year ended 31st March 2017

	-	Am	ount in U.A.E. D	irhams (AED)
Particulars	Share capital	General reserve	Retained earnings	Total
As at 30.06.2015	150,000	21,679	348,418	520,097
Net profit	0	0	51,263	51,263
Other net movements	0	0	0	0
As at 31.03.2016	150,000	21,679	399,681	571,360
As at 31.03.2016	150,000	21,679	399,681	571,360
Net profit	. i 0.	0	148,308	148,308
Other net movements	0	0	. 0	0
As at 31.03.2017	150,000	21,679	547,989	719,668

The attached note nos. 1 to 24 & schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 & 4.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Statement of cash flows for the year ended 31st March 2017

		Amount in U.A.E. 01.04.2016 to	Dirhams (AED) 01.07.2015 to
Particulars	Note no.	31.03.2017	31.03.2016
Cash flow from operating activities:			
Net profit		149 200	
Adjustments for:		148,308	51,263
Depreciation on property, plant & equipment		1,010	000
Impairment of accounts receivables		22,084	892
Finance costs		10,588	57
Employee end of service benefits provided		23,911	3,752
Cash generated from operations		205,901	15,000
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		203,901	70,964
Net changes in operating assets & liabilities:			
(Increase)decrease in deposits & prepayments		(64)	43,507
(Increase)decrease in accounts receivables		(83,498)	24,642
(Increase) in inventories		(32,286)	24,042
Increase in accounts payable		187,422	5,127
Increase(decrease) in provisions, accruals & other liabilities	.	19,436	(9,654)
Net cash generated from operations		296,911	134,586
		200,011	104,550
Cash flow from investing activities:			
Decrease(increase) in loans & advances to others		55,640	(55,640)
Decrease in amount due from related party		- 0	7,758
Net cash generated from/(used in) investing		55,640	(47,882)
	1	,	(11,002)
Cash flow from financing activities:			
(Outflow) of finance costs		(10,588)	(3,752)
Net cash (used in) financing	•	(10,588)	(3,752)
		(==,==0)	(0,102)
Surplus for the year		341,963	82,952
Cash & cash equivalents at beginning of year		288,734	205,782
Cash & cash equivalents at end of year	5	630,697	288,734
		,	, _ ,

The attached note nos. 1 to 24 & schedule no. 1 form an integral part of these financial statements. Auditor's report is on page nos. 3 & 4.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

1. Status and activity:

- 1.1 The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE) is registered as a free zone establishment with limited liability with Sharjah Airport International Free Zone (SAIF Zone) Authority in the emirate of Sharjah (U.A.E.) under commercial license no. 03490.
- 1.2 M/s. The Supreme Industries Limited, a limited company registered under Certificate of Incorporation no. 3554 under the Indian Companies Act of 1956 & its amendments thereafter, is the sole shareholder of the company holding 1 share of AED 150,000/-. The registered address of M/s. The Supreme Industries Limited is 612, Raheja Chambers, Nariman Point, Mumbai, India.
- 1.3 The principal place of business is located at suite Z-31, SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.) and registered address of the company is Post Box No. 9158, SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.).
- 1.4 The company is licensed to carry on the activity of trading in plastics & pipe fittings. During the year under the review, it was engaged principally in trading activity and also acted as an agent for supply of pipes & pipe fittings.

2. Basis of preparation:

2.1 Statement of compliance:

These financial statements have been prepared, in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by International Accounting Standards Board (IASB).

2.2 Basis of measurement:

These financial statements have been prepared under going concern assumption and historical cost convention except in respect of those financial instruments, which are presented at their fair values and properly disclosed elsewhere in the report

2.3 Basis of accounting & coverage:

The company follows the accrual basis of accounting, except for statement of cash flows which is presented on cash basis. Under accrual basis, the transactions and events are recognized as and when they occur and are recorded in the financial statements for the period to which they relate to.

The financial statements enclosed covers the year 1st April 2016 to 31st March 2017. Previous year figures are for the period 1st July 2015 to 31st March 2016 and have been regrouped wherever necessary.

2.4 Functional & presentation currency:

The financial statements are presented in United Arab Emirates Dirham (AED) which is also the company's functional currency. All financial information presented in AED has been rounded off to the nearest UAE Dirham.

2.5 Use of estimates & judgments:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS for SMEs requires management to make estimates, judgments and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognized in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future period affected & same are mentioned under respective accounting policy note.

The following accounting estimates and management judgments have been considered, which are material in nature, in preparation of financial statements.

Useful lives of property, plant & equipment:

Company's management estimates the useful life of property, plant & equipment & residual value for calculating depreciation. It reviews the estimated life & residual value on annual basis & future depreciation expense would be adjusted where the management believes that useful life differs from the previous estimates.

Impairment of accounts receivables:

Accounts receivables are subjected to recoverability test on a periodical basis when collection of full amount is no longer probable. Accounts receivable balances which are individually significant, are verified for ageing, subsequent receipts & balance confirmations. Accounts receivable balances which are individually not material, are assessed collectively & estimated reserve for impairment is created if same is outstanding for beyond normal credit terms & doubtful.

Impairment of inventories:

Inventories are subjected to ageing a impairment test on a periodical basis by management on damaged, obsolete and slow moving inventories. These reviews require judgments and estimates. Possible changes in these estimates could result in revisions to the valuation of inventories.

3. Summary of significant accounting policies:

The following accounting policies have been consistently applied by the management in preparation of the financial statements except where stated here under:

3.1 Inventories:

Inventories are carried at lower of cost and net realizable value (estimated selling price less cost to complete and selling expenses).

Cost includes aggregate of purchase price, including applicable cost to bring the inventory to the present condition, valued at 'first-in-first-out' method.

Any excess of carrying amount, over the net realizable value is charged immediately as impairment loss through statement of comprehensive income. Inventory items, which are slow moving or obsolete are assessed and reserve for impairment of inventories is created based on their ageing and saleability.

3.2 Property, plant & equipment:

Property, plant & equipment are carried at their cost of acquisition including any incidental expenses related to acquisition or installation, less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Depreciation has been provided on straight line method over the estimated useful lives, as determined by the management.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Property, plant & equipment are, at the reporting date, subject to impairment. Where any indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount is written down to its recoverable amount.

The management's estimate of useful life of various assets is as follows:

Furniture & fixtures

5 years

Office equipments

5 years

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the asset's carrying amount. These are recognized under 'other income or expense' in the statement of comprehensive income.

A decline in the value of property, plant and equipment could have a significant effect on the amounts recognised in these financial statements. Management assesses the impairment of property, plant and equipment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Factors that are considered important which could trigger an impairment review include the following:

- significant changes in the technology and regulatory environments.

 evidence from internal reporting which indicates that the economic performance of the asset is, or will be, worse than expected.

Financial instruments:

3.3

The company recognizes a financial instrument (being a financial asset or financial liability) only when the company becomes a part of the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Accounting policy relevant to each type of financial instrument is as follows:

- Cash & cash equivalents:

Cash & cash equivalents comprises cash on hand & balance with bank in current account.

- Accounts receivables:

Accounts receivables are amounts due from customers towards sale of goods in the ordinary course of business. Accounts receivables are recognized initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less reserve for impairment. A reserve for impairment of accounts receivables is recognised when it is probable that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to original terms of the accounts receivables.

- Accounts payable:

Accounts payable represent obligations towards purchase of goods in the ordinary course of business. Same is free of interest & payable at the end of credit period granted by the suppliers. Accounts payables are recognized initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

- Other financial assets:

Other financial assets are recognized initially at transaction value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment. However, all other financial assets have a value on realization in the ordinary course of the company's business, which is at least equal to the amount at which they are stated in the statement of financial position.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

- Other financial liabilities:

Other financial liabilities including borrowings if any, are initially measured at transaction value, net of transaction costs. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

A financial asset (or where applicable a part of a financial asset or a part of group of similar financial assets) is de-recognised either when:

the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or

the company retains the right to receive cash flows from the asset, but has assumed an obligation to pay them in full without material delay to a third party under a 'pass through' arrangement; or

the company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset and either (a) has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or (b) has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, but has transferred control of the asset.

Where the company has transferred its right to receive cash flows from an asset and has neither transferred nor retained substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset nor transferred control of the asset, the asset is recognised to the extent of the companys continuing involvement in the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as a derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability, and the difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

Financial assets and financial liabilities are only offset and the net amount reported in the statement of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the company intends to settle on a net basis.

3.4 Impairment of non-financial assets:

At each reporting date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its non-financial assets, to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the compny estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately. Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

3.5 Impairment of financial assets:

An assessment is made at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that a specific financial asset may be impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that has occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (an incurred "loss event") and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial assets or the group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

If such evidence exists, any impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. Impairment is determined as follows:

For assets carried at fair value, impairment is the difference between cost and fair value, less any impairment loss previously recognised in the statement of comprehensive income;

For assets carried at cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of future cash flows discounted at the current market rate of return for a similar financial asset;

 For assets carried at amortised cost, impairment is the difference between carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows discounted at the financial assets original effective interest rate.

Reversal of impairment losses is recognised in prior years is recorded when there is an indication that the impairment losses recognised for the financial asset no longer exist or have decreased and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised.

3.6 Leases:

Leases are classified as finance lease, when substantially all the risk and reward of ownership are transferred to lessee. All other leases are operating lease.

Operating lease:

Lease payments under an operating lease are recognized as an expense in the statement of comprehensive income on a straight line basis over the lease term. Generally the company's operating leases are for annual duration and hence company is not exposed to any operating lease obligations.

3.7 Employee benefits:

Employee benefits have been provided for in accordance with the contractual terms with the employees, but are however subject to minimum of UAE Labour Law requirements. The accrual relating to annual leave and leave passage is disclosed as a current liability, while the provision relating to end of service benefits is disclosed as a non-current liability.

3.8 Provisions & contingencies:

Provisions are recognised when the company has a legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits would be required to settle these obligations and a reliable estimate of the same can be made.

Contingent liabilities are not recognized but are disclosed in the notes to financial statements. A disclosure of contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When likelihood of outflow is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

3.9 General reserve:

General reserve represents amount set aside by the company out of net profits. General reserve is a free reserve to be utilized at the discretion of the management.

3.10 Revenue recognition:

Revenue is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at fair value of consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates and duties.

Revenue includes income from sale of goods & commission income.

Revenue from sale of goods is recognized when it is probable that the economic benefit will flow to the company, the significant risk and reward of ownership have transferred to the buyer, the entity loses effective control and ownership over the goods and the revenue can be reliably measured.

Commission income is recognised as and when the deal is executed.

Other income is recognised when due or received, whichever is earlier.

3.11 Expenditure:

Expenses are accounted for on the accrual basis and provisions are made for all known losses and liabilities. Expenses are presented in the statement of comprehensive income, classified according to the function of expense.

3.12 Foreign currency transactions:

- a. Transactions in foreign currency, if any, are converted into functional currency at prevailing exchange rate on the date such transactions are entered into.
- b. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies which are stated at historical cost or fair value, are translated into functional currency at the exchange rates prevailing on the date of such transaction or the date of determination of fair value respectively.
- c. Resultant loss or gain has been recognized in the statement of comprehensive income, in the year in which such assets are realized or liabilities are discharged.

Other significant disclosures:

4.1 Related party transactions:

The company enters into transactions with another company that falls within the definition of a related party as per the International Financial Reporting Standards for Small & Medium-sized Entities (IFRS for SMEs).

The terms of trade with such related parties are based on commercial terms & conditions agreed upon with them by the management.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2017

Related parties with whom the company has entered into transactions during the period under review comprise of the shareholder and manager as stated hereunder:

Name of related parties M/s The Supreme Industries Limited, Mumbai, India Mr. Narendra Krishnarao Bhagdikar	<u>Control</u> 100% Manager	Relation Parent/Holding company Key management personnel
	_	S

During the year under review following transactions were entered in to with related parties:

Nature of transactions Purchases:	Amount in U.A.E. Dir 2016-17	
Purchases from parent company	691,411/-	441,703/-
Compensation to key management personnel: Manager's remuneration & benefits	296,667/-	220,053/-
Other transactions: Commission income from parent company	750,014/-	500,327/-

Amount due from related party:

Amount due from related party is free of interest.

4.2 Financial, capital risk management & fair value information:

4.2.1 Credit, liquidity & market rate risk:

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the company if a customer or counter-party to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations.

The company's cash is placed with banks of repute.

The exposure to credit risk on accounts receivables and amounts due from related parties is monitored on an ongoing basis by the management and these are considered recoverable by the company's management. However 99.05% of accounts receivables were outstanding from 2 customers including 1 related party (previous period 99.20% of accounts receivables from 2 customers including 1 related party) and hence the company has concentration of accounts receivables and consequent risk to that extent.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as and when it falls due. The company's assets are sufficient to cover its financial obligations.

The table below summarises the maturity profile of the company's financial liabilities on contractual undiscounted payments.

·	. :	Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (A		
	Less than	6 months to	l vear &	. ,
Financial liabilities as on 31st March 2017	6 months	l year	above	Total
Accounts payable	240,548			240.548
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	80,499	-	-	80,499
Employee end of service benefits			175,674	175,674
Total	321,047		175,674	496,721





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the period ended 31st March 2017

•	Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED			E. Dirhams (AED)
·	Less than	6 months to	1 year &	'. '
Financial liabilities as on 31st March 2016	6 months	1 year	above	Total
Accounts payable	53,126	-	-	53,126
Provisions, accruals & other liabilities	61,063	-	-	61,063
Employee end of service benefits	<u>-</u>	-	151,763	151,763
Total	114,189	-	151,763	265,952

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as investment prices, interest rates and currency rates will affect the company's income of the value of its holding of financial instruments.

The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimizing the return on risk.

- Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk of variability in profit due to change in interest rates on interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities. The company does not have any interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities & consequently no risk on this account.

Currency risk

Currency risk faced by the company is minimal as there are minimal foreign currency transactions. Most of the monetary assets and liabilities are denominated in UAE Dirhams or in United States Dollar (USD), which is pegged to AED.

Other risks:

Revenue risk:

63.72% of revenue was generated from 3 customers including 1 related party (previous period 83.12% from 3 customers including 1 related party) and hence the company has revenue risk to that extent.

Purchase/sourcing risk;

The company has procured material from I related party supplier which forms 96.56% of purchases (previous period 93.19% from I related party supplier) and discontinuance of supply from them can have a material impact on the sourcing of goods and hence there is procurement risk to that extent.

4.2.2 Capital management:

The company's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain lender and creditor confidence and to sustain future development of the business. The company is not subject to externally imposed capital restrictions.

4.2.3 Fair value information:

Fair value represents the amount at which an asset could be exchanged or a liability settled in an arm's length transaction, between willing & knowledgeable parties. In respect of all the company's financial assets viz cash & bank balances, receivables, advances, deposits, accrued income and liabilities viz dues to banks, payables, accruals and other non-current liabilities, in the opinion of the management, the book value approximates to their carrying value.





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SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

		Amount in U.A.E. I	
5	Cash & bank balances/Cash & cash equivalents:	31.03.2017	31.03.2016
~	Cash on hand	4 005	
	Balance with bank in current account	4,895	11,595
	The state of the s	625,802	277,139
		630,697	288,734
6	Deposits & prepayments:		
	Deposits	12 200	
	Prepayments	13,300	13,300
	• • •	1,459	1,395
	Deposits include 5,800/- (previous year 5,800/-) placed with SAIF Zone	14,759	14,695
	guarantees issued.	Authorities against	employee visa
	0		
7	Loans & advances to others:		
	Advance to others		
		0	55,640
	Advance to others was free of interest.	0	55,640
	The state of the s		
8	Amount due from related party:		•
	Due from manager		
	The state of the s	5,750	5,750
	Amount due from related party is free of interest.	5,750	5,750
	Amount and from related party is nee of interest.		
9	Accounts receivables:		
-	Trade receivables		
	Receivables from parent company	63,504	64,187
	receivables from parent company	469,393	407,296
	Age-wise analysis of accounts receivables is as follows:	532,897	471,483
	Outstanding for less than 3 months	4=	
		491,012	275,246
	Outstanding for more than 3 months but less than 6 months	41,885	146,975
	Outstanding for more than 6 months but less than 12 months	0	46,324
	Outstanding for more than 12 months	0	2,938
			471,483
	One-manufacture of the state of	532,897	,
	Geographical analysis of accounts receivables is as follows:	•	
	Due from U.A.E.	58,441	60,396
	Due from U.A.E. Due from India	•	
	Due from U.A.E. Due from India Due from Srilanka	58,441	60,396
	Due from U.A.E. Due from India	58,441 469,393 0 5,063	60,396 407,296
	Due from U.A.E. Due from India Due from Srilanka Due from Pakistan	58,441 469,393 0	60,396 407,296 3,791
	Due from U.A.E, Due from India Due from Srilanka Due from Pakistan Movement in reserve for impairment of accounts receivables is as follows:	58,441 469,393 0 5,063	60,396 407,296 3,791 0
	Due from U.A.E, Due from India Due from Srilanka Due from Pakistan Movement in reserve for impairment of accounts receivables is as follows: Balance at the beginning of the year	58,441 469,393 0 5,063	60,396 407,296 3,791 0
	Due from U.A.E. Due from India Due from Srilanka Due from Pakistan Movement in reserve for impairment of accounts receivables is as follows: Balance at the beginning of the year Provided for the year	58,441 469,393 0 5,063 532,897	60,396 407,296 3,791 0 471,483
	Due from U.A.E, Due from India Due from Srilanka Due from Pakistan Movement in reserve for impairment of accounts receivables is as follows: Balance at the beginning of the year	58,441 469,393 0 5,063 532,897	60,396 407,296 3,791 0 471,483





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

	A	mount in U.A. 31.03.201	E. Dirhams (AED
10	Inventories:	31.03.201	7 31.03.201€
	Stock on hand	32,286	
	•	32.286	
	Inventories comprising of plastics & pipe fittings have been physical management. Obsolete stock if any, have been adequately provided for.	ly verified &	certified by the
11	Accounts payable:		
	Payable to parent company	221,645	31,246
	Commission payable	18,903	, - , -
	- The state of the	240,548	
12	Provisions, accruals & other liabilities:		
	Accrued expenses	11,500	10,000
	Advance from customers	7,109	,
	Accrued staff salaries & benefits	61,890	49,000
	<u>. </u>	80,499	61,063
13	Employee end of service benefits:		
	Balance at the beginning of the year	151,763	136,763
	Provided for the year	23,911	15,000
	Balance at the end of the year	175,674	151,763
14	Share capital:	•	
	Share capital	150,000	150,000
	-	150,000	150,000
	The authorised and paid up share capital of the company is 150,000/- comp. (previous year 150,000/- comprising of 1 share of 150,000/-).	rising of 1 she	re of 150,000/-
15	Reserves & surplus:		
	General reserve	21,679	21,679
	Retained earnings	547,989	399,681
		569,668	421,360
		1.04.2016 to	01.07.2015 to
16	Revenue:	31.03.2017	31.03.2016
- -	Sales income	1 170 750	600 000
	Commission income	1,172, 75 2 750,014	608,829 500 307
		1,922,766	500,327
	•	1,744,700	1,109,156





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

		Amount in U.A.E. 01.04.2016 to	01.07.2015 to
17	Direct costs:	31.03.2017	31.03.2016
	Purchases	827,655	477.000
	Clearing & forwarding expenses	19,660	473,989
	Inventories at the end of the year	(32,286)	17,112
		815,029	491,101
			771,101
18	Other income:		
	Agent commission balance not payable	3,020	0.
		3,020	0
19	Selling & distribution costs:		
	Commission on sales	055.063	·
	Advertisement & business promotion expenses	255,061	50,361
	Overseas travelling expenses	44,107 50.077	28,316
	Impairment of accounts receivables	50,077 22,084	41,361
		371,329	120,095
00	A double transact		
20	Administrative costs:	-	
	Office rent	45,600	31,738
	Salaries & other staff related benefits	58,411	21,775
	Manager's remuneration & benefits	296,667	220,053
	Communication expenses	92,400	60,233
	Fees & charges	16,054	46,257
	Vehicle running & maintenance expenses	18,071	19,194
	Travelling & conveyance expenses Office & other expenses	9,537	6,002
		41,961	36,424
	Depreciation on property, plant & equipment	1,010	892
		579,711	442,568
21	Finance costs:		
	Bank charges	10.500	
		10,588	3,752
		10,588	3,752
22	Other expenses:		
	Foreign exchange loss - net	821	377





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED) 31.03.2017 31.03.2016

23 Contingent liabilities:

Employee visa guarantees

5,800

5,800

Except for the above & other ongoing business commitments against which no loss is expected, there has been no known contingent liability or commitments as on reporting date.

24 Events occurring after the reporting date:

There were no significant events occurring after the reporting date which will have any material effect on the working or the financial statements of the company.





The Supreme Industries Overseas (FZE)

SAIF Zone, Sharjah (U.A.E.)

Schedule to the financial statements for the year ended 31st March 2017

Amount in U.A.E. Dirhams (AED)

Schedule 1 - Property, plant & equipment:

Particulars	 		Furniture & fixtures	Office equipments	Total
Cost:		•			
As at 31.03.2016			5,950	28,904	34,854
Additions			0	0	0
As at 31.03.2017	٠.		5,950	28,904	34,854
Accumulated depreciation:					
As at 31.03.2016	1000	1 2 4	4,940	28,904	33,844
For the year			1,010	0	1,010
As at 31.03.2017	••		5,950	28,904	34,854
Net value - 31.03.2017	<u> </u>	0	0	0	
Net value - 31.03.2016			1,010	0	1,010